



Scaffolding Techniques

Verbal Scaffolding (Lang Development-focused)	Procedural Scaffolding (Grouping Techniques & Activity Structures)	Scaffolded Learning Tools
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Paraphrasing • Using “think-alouds” • Reinforcing contextual definitions • Developing Qs using Bloom’s Taxonomy • Writing prompts • Following oral text with written text • Elaboration & expansion of student response • Use of cognates • Using synonyms & antonyms • Effective use of wait time • Teaching familiar chunks: “May I go to the bathroom?”, “Excuse me” etc • Clear enunciation and articulation by T, slow when appropriate • Corrective Feedback techniques, especially elicitation, clarification, metalinguistic clues • Songs, jazz chants, rhythm & rhyme • Language Task for graphic organiser 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Using an instructional framework that includes explicit teaching: T-modelling, T-practising & St-applying • 1-1 teaching, coaching, modeling • Pairing/grouping Sts so that less experienced/knowledgeable Sts work with more experienced/knowledgeable ones • Activating prior knowledge • Think-Pair-Share • Personalisation (relating to Sts’ lives) • Jigsaw Reading • Dictogloss • Co-operative Group Techniques • Joint writing project • Process writing • TPR • Roleplays & Simulations 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Graphic Organisers • Using Visuals & Imagery • Word Wall • Making a variety of resources available in class, eg dictionary, thesaurus, etc • Labelled visuals • Pictographs as a success supporting strategy for dictogloss • Videoclips • Online dictionaries like Multidict, in combination with Wordlink • Multimedia

Adapted from ideas presented in Echevarria, Vogt & Short , 2004 by Fortune, T (Mar 2004) with input from immersion teachers

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